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APPLICATION	NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/791,640)	03/01/2004	Nelson J. Ferragut II	P05522US02	3086	
27139	7590	07/08/2005	•	EXAM	EXAMINER	
MCKEE, VOORHEES & SEASE, P.L.C. ATTN: MAYTAG				NORMAN,	NORMAN, MARC E	
		IUE, SUITE 3200		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
DES MOINES, IA		50309-2721		3744		
	•			DATE MAILED: 07/08/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary 10/791,640 FERRAGUT E	T AL.
Office Action Summary Framiner Art Unit	
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Marc E. Norman 3744	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence Period for Reply	address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133) Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	nis communication.
Status	
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 May 2005. This action is FINAL. This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 	the merits is
Disposition of Claims	
 4) Claim(s) 1-3,5,6,8-16 and 18 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-3,5,6,8-16 and 18 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 	, ys
Application Papers	
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on <u>01 March 2004</u> is/are: a)☒ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examination Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 311)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form	ı). 7 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this Natio application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 	nal Stage
Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Diagram of the content of the	(PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 23 May 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

As per claim 1, Applicant argues that McIntosh et al. does not disclose determining of a prior power outage to the appliance after power is restored. The Examiner respectfully disagrees. McIntosh et al. teaches determining a power outage stop point (and thus the necessary data for determining a duration), once power is restored. There is inherently some control lag between when the power is restarted and when the control actually determines that the power is restarted. Accordingly, any determination of a duration of a power outage, and the reporting thereof, necessarily does not occur until after power has been restored. Certainly, at the point that the duration is determined and reported to be over, the outage itself is a "prior occurrence."

As per claim 9, Applicant argues that McIntosh et al. fails to teach periodically storing a time prior to a power outage and determining a duration of the power outage. Regarding the duration of the power outage, this issue was already discussed with regard to claim 1 in the previous Office Action. McIntosh et al. clearly reports the start and end times of the power outage. Calculating the duration is a simple and obvious step based on such data. Regarding periodically storing a time prior to the outage, the Examiner notes that such stored time is never specifically functionally applied within the claim. There is nothing tying the storing step to the determining step. Further, there is nothing inherently novel about a microprocessor periodically storing times. Accordingly, claim 9 stands rejected over McIntosh et al.

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As per claim 13, Applicant again argues that McIntosh et al. does not disclose the system determining a duration of the outage. Again, this issue was already discussed with regard to claim 1 in the previous Office Action. McIntosh et al. clearly reports the start and end times of the power outage. Calculating the duration is a simple and obvious step based on such data.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-3, 5, 6, 8-16, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McIntosh et al.

In light of the response to argument set forth above, the rejections set forth in the previous Office Action are carried forward and maintained.

Conclusion

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THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marc E. Norman whose telephone number is 571-272-4812. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri., 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cheryl Tyler can be reached on 571-272-4834. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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MARC NORMAN PRIMARY EXAMINER